

## 1999 MAYIS KPDS SORULARI

1-24 sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düğün kelime veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The Carnegie Endowment for International Peace seeks an individual to launch a research project on the information revolution and its \_\_\_\_\_ on international affairs.

- impact
- involvement
- reference
- linkage
- comparison

2. Unlike Europe's stone castles and cathedrals, America's historical buildings are often wood-framed and so subject to \_\_\_\_\_ from moisture and insects.

- rebuke
- deficiency
- damage
- obsession
- frustration

3. Physically speaking, the Pacific Basin includes not only all those countries bordering on the Pacific coast but also the Pacific island nations \_\_\_\_\_ across the ocean.

- A) adopted
- B) based
- C) grafted
- D) scattered
- E) expanded

4. Nearly half of the world's countries have \_\_\_\_\_ capital punishment in law or in practice, and some two dozen of them have done so formally since 1985.

- A) accused
- B) abolished
- C) executed
- D) entailed
- E) frustrated

5. Since most of the world's commercial apples lack genetic diversity, they are unable to \_\_\_\_\_ a disease or a pest.

- A) put away
- B) hold up
- C) fight off
- D) get off
- E) break out

6. The atmosphere \_\_\_\_\_ the earth as if it were a huge roof.

- A) breaks up
- B) makes for
- C) hangs over
- D) puts off
- E) runs over

7. The objective of this project is to increase the depth of awareness and understanding in the world, about the causes and consequences of the HIV epidemic through \_\_\_\_\_ policies and programmes.

- A) innovative
- B) decadent
- C) meagre
- D) ambiguous
- E) poignant

8. Launched as the new regulatory authority for the countries banking and insurance sector, the National Financial Services Management will extend its activities so as \_\_\_\_\_ to cover more than 40% of the national economy.

- A) exceptionally
- B) ultimately
- C) inherently
- D) fluently
- E) apparently

9. They claim that their aim is to establish long term cooperation \_\_\_\_\_ their customers, \_\_\_\_\_ a basis of partnership and mutual trust.

- A) for / over
- B) with / on
- C) by / through
- D) from / in
- E) among / for

10. The collapse of Rome left \_\_\_\_\_ its wake a large variety of ethnic communities \_\_\_\_\_ which modern European states emerged.

- A) before / of
- B) at / through
- C) over / by
- D) in / from
- E) within / with

11. Germany's weight in the European Union is known, \_\_\_\_ what is not known, even to the Germans themselves, is \_\_\_\_ they are to use it.

- A) but / how
- B) in case / because
- C) unless / why
- D) lest / until
- E) otherwise / where

12. Edward Gibbon's great book The History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire informs us \_\_\_\_ mankind's predilection for faction, augmented by environmental and cultural differences, is \_\_\_\_ determines history.

- A) why / that
- B) as / whereby
- C) that / what
- D) how / whoever
- E) so that / whatever

13. It won't be easy to find a replacement for him, for \_\_\_\_ takes over is likely to meet the same fate.

- A) what
- B) which
- C) wherever
- D) whoever
- E) whichever

14. The majority of \_\_\_\_ are apprehensive about new computer programmes, until we've actually tried them out for \_\_\_\_ .

- A) him / himself
- B) us / ourselves
- C) them / themselves
- D) ours / us
- E) theirs / ours

15. Marxism \_\_\_\_ an important movement in Britain even though it \_\_\_\_ its origin here.

- A) would never have been / takes
- B) had never been / would take
- C) never was / has taken
- D) would never be / would have taken
- E) has never been / took

16. The history of the Venetian Republic \_\_\_\_ to an end in 1797 when Venice \_\_\_\_ over to Austria by Napoleon.

- A) was coming / would have been handed
- B) had come / has been handed
- C) comes / had been handed
- D) came / was handed
- E) would come / was being handed

17. More than half of the 850 asylum seekers currently detained in Britain \_\_\_\_ in prison with no right of appeal, even though the vast majority \_\_\_\_ with any offence, let alone convicted.

- A) were held / are not charged
- B) are being held / have not been charged
- C) have been held / would not be charged
- D) being held / had not been charged
- E) will be held / were not being charged

18. Over the past two decades, the Corsicans \_\_\_\_ their idyllic island, which was wrested by France from the Genoese in 1768, \_\_\_\_ into terrorism, corruption and economic decline.

- A) have seen / sink
- B) had seen / sank
- C) saw / to sink
- D) would have seen / had sunk
- E) would see / had been sinking

19. For observers of international politics, March 1998 \_\_\_\_ as a month when the world's superpower relations \_\_\_\_ a hopeful new turn.

- A) will be remembered / may have taken
- B) had been remembered / would have taken
- C) may be remembered / took
- D) has been remembered / would take
- E) would be remembered / will have taken

20. Apparently, the talks held between the two governments concerning the prevention of drug-trafficking have not been constructive \_\_\_\_ to produce any positive results.

- A) just
- B) as well
- C) also
- D) enough
- E) so that

21. As far as I remember, it was in China that they first met and got interested in the dam project, \_\_\_\_?

- A) don't I
- B) wasn't it
- C) do I
- D) was it
- E) did they

**22. The East European countries are strongly convinced that European Economic aid, \_\_\_\_\_ welcome, is not a substitute for market access and eventual membership of the European Union.**

- A) just as
- B) lest
- C) since
- D) when
- E) though

**23. One gathers from the press that a large majority of the people are not in favour of the impeachment proceedings, and, frankly, I'm not, \_\_\_\_\_ .**

- A) either
- B) too
- C) also
- D) as well
- E) even so

**24. The fundamental problem for North Africa is that the region has \_\_\_\_\_ people \_\_\_\_\_ the arid environment can support.**

- A) not only / but also
- B) so many / that
- C) such / as
- D) more / than
- E) as much / as

**25-34 sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümlelerin Türkçe dengini bulunuz.**

**25. The first colonial immigrants began to arrive in Britain in the early 1950s to work in the manufacturing industry.**

- A) 1950'lerin başlarında İngiltere'ye gelen ilk sömürge göçmenleri, öncelikle imalat sanayiinde çalışmaya başladılar.
- B) Sömürgelerden İngiltere'ye gelen ilk göçmenler, 1950'lerin başlarında imalat sanayiinde çalışmaya başladılar.
- C) 1950'lerin başlarından itibaren pek çok göçmen, imalat sanayiinde çalışmak amacıyla, ilk kez sömürgelerden İngiltere'ye gelmeye başladı.
- D) İlk kez 1950'lerde İngiltere'ye gelmeye başlayan sömürge göçmenleri, öncelikle imalat sanayiinde çalıştılar.
- E) İlk sömürge göçmenleri, İngiltere'ye, imalat sanayiinde çalışmak amacıyla, 1950'lerin başlarında gelmeye başladılar.

**26. The issue under discussion is whether or not British newspapers are fairly priced.**

- A) Tartıma yaratan asıl sorun, İngiliz gazetelerinin fiyatlarının belirlenmesinde adil bir yol izlenip izlenmediğidir.
- B) Tartılmakta olan asıl konu, İngiliz gazetelerinin fiyatlarının tarafsız olarak belirlenip belirlenmediğidir.
- C) İngiliz gazeteleri için uygun fiyatların belirlenip belirlenemeyeceği, tartımın temel konusudur.
- D) Tartılmakta olan konu, İngiliz gazetelerinin adil olarak fiyatlandırılıp fiyatlandırılmadığıdır.
- E) İngiliz gazetelerinin uygun şekilde fiyatlandırılıp fiyatlandırılmadığı konusu tartışılmaktadır.

**27. Greenpeace activists failed to stop a ship carrying reprocessed nuclear fuel through the Panama Canal.**

- A) Ye ilbarı eylemcileri, yeniden inlenmi nükleer yakıt taşıyan bir gemiyi Panama Kanalı'nda durdurmayı amaçlıyordu.
- B) Ye ilbarı eylemcileri, yeniden inlenmi nükleer yakıt taşımakta olan bir gemiyi Panama Kanalı'nda durdurmaya çalıştılar.
- C) Ye ilbarı eylemcileri, Panama Kanalı'ndan yeniden inlenmi nükleer yakıt taşıyan bir gemiyi durdurmayı başaramadılar.
- D) Ye ilbarı eylemcileri, inlenmi nükleer yakıt taşıyan bir gemiyi Panama Kanalı'nda durdurma girişiminde yetersiz kaldılar.
- E) Ye ilbarı eylemcilerinin, yeniden inlenmi nükleer yakıt taşıyan bir gemiyi Panama Kanalı'nda durdurma çabaları boş gitti.

**28. Alexander Lebedev, Russia's former national security adviser, said he would run for the governorship of Central Siberia.**

- A) Rusya'nın ulusal güvenlik eski danışmanı Alexander Lebedev, Orta Sibirya valiliği için aday olacağını söyledi.
- B) Eskiden Rusya'nın ulusal güvenlik sorumlusu olan Alexander Lebedev, Orta Sibirya valiliği için kampanya başlatacağını belirtti.
- C) Rusya'nın önceki ulusal güvenlik uzmanı Alexander Lebedev'in, Orta Sibirya valiliği için aday olduğunu söylüyor.
- D) Rusya'nın bir önceki ulusal güvenlik danışmanı Alexander Lebedev'in, Orta Sibirya valiliği seçimlerine katılmak istediği açıklandı.
- E) Rusya'nın ulusal güvenlik eski danışmanı Alexander Lebedev, Orta Sibirya valiliği için seçime katılacağını açıkladı.

**29. It has been announced that the merger between the two banks is set to go ahead after approval from their boards.**

- A) ki bankanın birle mesi için gerekli i lemlerin, kendi kurullarının onayından sonra ba latılaca ı söylendi.
- B) ki banka arasındaki birle menin, kendi kurullarının onayından sonra gerçekte ece i açıklandı.
- C) ki banka arasındaki birle menin gerçekteebilmesi için kurullardan onay alındıktan sonra i lem yapılaca ı duyuruldu.
- D) Açıklandı ı üzere, iki banka arasındaki birle me ancak kurulların onayından sonra ba layacak.
- E) Duyuruldu una göre, iki banka arasındaki birle menin kesin olarak gerçekteebilmesi, kurulların onayına ba lı.

**30. Rescuers estimate that up to 5000 people may have died in a remote province of northern Afghanistan after an earthquake completely devastated the area.**

- A) Bölgeye giren kurtarma ekipleri, Kuzey Afganistan'ın uzak bir eyaletini tamamen tahrip eden bir depremden sonra 5000 kadar insanın ölmü olabilece ini bildirmektedir.
- B) Kurtarma görevlileri, Kuzey Afganistan'ın uzak bir eyaletinde meydana gelen tahrip gücü çok yüksek depremden sonra 5000'den fazla insanın ölmü oldu unu açıkladılar.
- C) Kurtarma uzmanları, Kuzey Afganistan'ın uzak bir eyaletini tamamen tahrip eden depremden sonra, en az 5000 ki inin ölmü olabilece inden endi e etmektedirler.
- D) Kurtarma görevlilerince, en az 5000 ki inin ölmüne neden olan depremin, Kuzey Afganistan'ın uzak bir eyaletini tamamen yerle bir etti i bildirilmi tir.
- E) Kurtarma görevlileri, Kuzey Afganistan'ın uzak bir eyaletinde, bölgeyi tamamen tahrip eden bir depremden sonra 5000 kadar insanın ölmü olabilece ini tahmin ediyorlar.

**31. At the bilateral talks last week, Iraq was told bluntly that unless it complied with the Security Council resolutions, there could be no lifting of sanctions.**

- A) Geçen hafta sürdürülen ikili görüşmelerde, Irak'a Güvenlik Konseyi kararlarını hiçe saydı ı sürece yaptırımların kaldırılmayaca ı en açık eilde bildirildi.
- B) Geçen hafta yapılan görüşmelerde, Irak'a Güvenlik Konseyi kararlarına uymadı ı için yaptırımların kaldırılmasının mümkün olmadığını sert bir dille iletildi.
- C) Geçen hafta yapılan ikili görüşmelerde, Irak'a, yaptırımların kaldırılmama nedeninin Güvenlik Konseyi kararlarını hiçe sayması olduğunu açıkça bildirildi.

- D) Geçen haftaki ikili görüşmelerde, Irak'a, Güvenlik Konseyi kararlarına uymadı ı takdirde yaptırımların kaldırılmasının söz konusu olmayaca ı açıkça ifade edildi.
- E) Geçen hafta yapılan ikili görüşmelerde, Irak, Güvenlik Konseyi kararlarını dikkate almadı ı takdirde yaptırımların kaldırılmasının mümkün olmayaca ı hususunda sert bir dille uyarıldı.

**32. The rigid and hierarchical corporate structure that provided the basis for business growth until the 1980s has now become a thing of the past.**

- A) 1980'lerde i dünyasında olu turan katı ve hiyerar ik kurumsal yapılanma, bugün artık geçmişe ait bir olgu olarak görülmektedir.
- B) 1980'lere kadar irketlerin büyümesini sa layan sa lam ve hiyerar ik yapılanma, bugün artık eski önemini yitirmi tir.
- C) lerin büyümesi için 1980'lere kadar temel olu turan katı ve hiyerar ik irket yapısı, bugün artık geçmişte kalmı tir.
- D) 1980'li yıllara kadar büyüme sürecinin temelini olu turan katı hiyerar ik kurumsal yapının önemi, bugün artık yok olmu tur.
- E) Geçmişten günümüze kadar uzanan sa lam ve hiyerar ik kurumsal yapı, 1980'lere kadar büyümenin temelini olu turmu tur.

**33. The Serbian justice minister stated that the Serbians indicted for war crimes would not be sent to the Hague for trial by the war-crimes tribunal.**

- A) Sava suçu i lemi Sırpların, yargılanmak üzere Lahey'deki sava suçları mahkemesine gönderilmesine Sırp adalet bakanı itiraz etti.
- B) Sırp adalet bakanı, sava suçları sanı ı olan Sırpların, sava suçları mahkemesi tarafından yargılanmak üzere Lahey'e gönderilmeyece ini ifade etti.
- C) Sırp adalet bakanının yaptı ı açıklamaya göre, sava suçu i lemi Sırplar, sava suçları mahkemesi tarafından yargılanmaları için Lahey'e kesinlikle gönderilmeyecek.
- D) Sırp adalet bakanı, sava suçlarıyla itham edilen Sırpların, yargılanmak için Lahey'deki sava suçları mahkemesine kesinlikle gönderilmeyece ini tekrarladı.
- E) Çe itli sava suçları i lemi Sırpların, sava suçları mahkemesi tarafından yargılanmak için Lahey'e asla gönderilmeyece i, Sırp adalet bakanınca ifade edilmi tir.

**34. The project we have undertaken will explore the political, social, and economic consequences of new information and communication technologies, particularly relating to issues such as the changing role of the state and new security threats.**

- A) Üstlendi imiz proje, özellikle devletin de i en rolü ve yeni güvenlik tehditleri gibi konulara ili kin olarak, yeni bilgi ve ileti im teknolojilerinin siyasal, toplumsal ve ekonomik sonuçlarını ara tıracaktır.
- B) Yürütmekte oldu umuz projeyle, yeni bilgi ve ileti im teknolojilerinin, özellikle devletin de i en rolü ve yeni güvenlik tehditleri üzerindeki siyasal, toplumsal ve ekonomik etkileri ara tırılacaktır.
- C) Devletin de i en rolü ve yeni güvenlik tehditleri gibi konuları inceleyen projemizle, özellikle yeni bilgi ve ileti im teknolojilerinin siyasal, toplumsal ve ekonomik etkilerini ara tıraca ız.
- D) Üzerinde çalı tı ımız proje, özellikle devletin de i en i levleri ve yeni güvenlik tehditleri gibi çe itli konularla yeni bilgi ve ileti im teknolojilerinin siyasal, toplumsal ve ekonomik yararlarını incelemektedir.
- E) Ele aldı ımız proje, özellikle devletin de i en i levini ve ortaya çıkan yeni tehditleri, yeni bilgi ve ileti im teknolojilerinin siyasal, toplumsal ve ekonomik sonuçları çerçevesinde ara tıracaktır.

**35-44 sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümlelerin İngilizce dengini bulunuz.**

**35. İngiltere'de iki milyondan fazla ki i, Avrupa Birli ince izin verilen en yüksek düzeyin çok üstünde alüminyum içeren musluk suyu içmektedir.**

- A) The European Union only permits a certain level of aluminium in the drinking water, but more than two million people in Britain drink tap water exceeding this level.
- B) There are two million people in Britain today who drink tap water containing a higher level of aluminium than that allowed by the European Union.
- C) The European Union is concerned that over two million people in Britain are drinking tap water with an unacceptably high aluminium level.
- D) The level of aluminium in the tap water that over two million people drink in Britain today, exceeds what the European Union allows.
- E) In Britain, over two million people drink tap water which contains aluminium well over the maximum level permitted by the European Union.

**36. İli'li seçmenler, 1990'da ve tekrar 1996'da, orta-sol koalisyonların seçilmesi ile demokrasiye geçi sürecine onay verdiler.**

- A) The Chilean electorate confirmed the transition to democracy in both the 1990 and 1996 elections in which a centre-left coalition was elected.
- B) As in 1990, so in 1996, the Chilean voters showed their approval of the transition to democracy by electing a coalition of the centre-left.
- C) The transition to democracy in Chile was aided by the election in 1990 and also in 1996 of a centre-left coalition.
- D) In 1990 and again in 1996, through the election of centre-left coalitions, the Chilean electorate endorsed the process of transition to democracy.
- E) The election, by the Chilean voters, of a centre-left coalition in 1990 and again in 1996 strengthened the transition process for democracy.

**37. Bugün, gelecek vaat eden pek çok genç yetene e kar ın, Amerikan komedileri düzeyinde komedi üretti imizi sanmıyorum.**

- A) Today, despite a lot of promising young talent, I don't think we are producing comedies of the standard of American ones.
- B) The comedies we are currently producing are hardly of the same standard as the American ones, though we do have a great deal of young talent.
- C) The standard of the comedies we have produced so far is well below that of American comedies, despite the fact that there are plenty of talented young people today.
- D) Though there are plenty of talented young people today, still the standard of the comedies we have produced is below that of the American ones.
- E) Even though we have a lot of young talent today, we are producing comedies of a lower standard than those in America.

**38. ki yıl önce bunaltıcı bir yaz ba nda, ngiltere'deki gıda ve tarımcılı ı tanıtmak amacıyla, Londra Hyde Park'ta özel ve son derece ilginç bir sergi düzenlendi.**

- A) The special exhibition set up in London's Hyde Park two years ago, during a terribly hot summer, aimed to promote Britain's food and farming.
- B) An especially interesting exhibition was held two years ago in London's Hyde Park, at the start of a very hot summer, in order to promote Britain's food and farming.
- C) It was two years ago, in Hyde Park, in London, during an exceedingly hot summer, that a special exhibition was set up to promote Britain's farming products.
- D) Two years ago, at the beginning of a sweltering summer, a special and most interesting exhibition was put on in Hyde Park in London to promote the Britain's food and farming.
- E) To promote Britain's food and farming, a particularly interesting exhibition opened in London's Hyde Park at the beginning of that memorable hot summer two years ago.

**39. Filmin ba arısı, sadece oyunculu un gücünde ve çe itlili inde de il, aynı zamanda yönetmenin duygulu bir destan yaratmasında da yatmaktadır.**

- A) The success of the film is in part due to the fact that the acting is powerful and convincing and in part to the director's creation of a stirring epic.
- B) The film succeeds not only because the acting is powerful and various but also because the director has managed to create a sensitive epic quality.
- C) The success of the film lies not just in the force and range of the acting but in the director's creation of a sensitive epic.
- D) It is not only the sensitivity and the complexity of the acting that is responsible for the film's success, but also the powerful epic quality the director has brought into it.
- E) Not only the sensitivity and range of the acting but also the director's inspired creation of an epic atmosphere contributes to the success of the film.

**40. Mozart iki yüz yedi yıl önce bu ay öldü ünde, daha sonra ö rencisi Süssmayr tarafından tamamlanan Requiem'ini bitirememi ti.**

- A) It was Süssmayr, one of Mozart's students, who completed the Requiem, left unfinished by the composer when he died two hundred and seven years ago this month.
- B) When Mozart died two hundred and seven years ago this month, he had been unable to finish his Requiem, which was later completed by his student Süssmayr.
- C) Two hundred and seven years ago this month, when Mozart died, he left his Requiem unfinished for his student Süssmayr to complete.
- D) Upon Mozart's death two hundred and seven years ago this month, his student Süssmayr completed the Requiem which the composer had failed to finish.
- E) The Requiem, which Mozart had been unable to complete before his death two hundred and seven years ago this month, was finished by his student Süssmavr.

**41. Az geli mi ülkeler içinde, karayolu yapımında en faal olanı Brezilya'dır, çünkü karayolu ta ımacılı ı, bu ülkenin ekonomisinin belkemi ini olu turur.**

- A) Among less developed countries, the most active one in road construction is Brazil, for road transportation constitutes the backbone of the country's economy.
- B) Since rood transportation in Brazil is basic to the country's economy, road construction here is more active then in less developed countries.
- C) Road construction in Brazil is far ahead of that in other less developed countries as the country's economy is largely dependent on road transportation.
- D) When compared with other less developed countries, Brazil is particularly active in road construction since its economy depends so completely on road transportation.
- E) Since road transportation is vital to Brazil's economy, road construction in this country receives more priority than in other less developed countries

**42. Cinsel iktidarsızlık, ya lanmanın do al bir i areti olabilece i kadar, bünyede eker veya yüksek tansiyon gibi ciddi bir geli menin belirtisi de olabilir.**

- A) Diabetes and hypertension, which are generally regarded as serious bodily developments, have the same symptoms as sexual impotence in old age.
- B) One of the serious developments that old age causes in the body is sexual impotence which may also be a common symptom of diabetes and hypertension.
- C) It is not only old age but also diabetes and hypertension which, as serious developments in the body, cause sexual impotence.
- D) The causes of sexual impotence, a natural condition of old age, are usually regarded as related to diabetes or hypertension.
- E) Sexual impotence can be as much a natural sign of growing old as the symptom of a serious development in the body, such as diabetes or hypertension.

**43. Ba kan, son istatistiklere atıfta bulunarak, Amerika'nın bazı kentlerinde suç oranının son on yıl içinde hızla artmı oldu unu ifade etti.**

- A) The President announced that, according to some recent statistics, the rate of crime in a number of American cities had clearly risen substantially over the past decade.
- B) Citing recent statistics, The President stated that, over the last decade, the crime rate in some cities of America had risen rapidly.
- C) As the President pointed out with reference to recent statistics, since the last decade, the number of crimes in various major American cities has risen sharply.
- D) The President argued that, in view of recent statistical evidence, the rapid rise in the rate of crime in some American cities during the last decade called for serious action.
- E) As the President has pointed out, it appears from recent statistics that, over the last decade, there has been a considerable rise in the crime rate in some American cities.

**44. Observer gazetesinin genel yayın yönetmeni Will Hutton, ngiliz basınının durumunu izlemek üzere kurulan ba ımsız bir kurulun ba kanlı ına atandı.**

- A) Will Hutton, presently editor-in-chief of The Observer, has been approached to chair a special commission which will look into the issues facing the British press.
- B) In order to study the efficiency of the British press, Will Hutton, editor-in-chief of The Observer, was selected to chair an independent commission.

- C) Will Hutton, former editor-in-chief of The Observer, has been designated as the chairman of a free commission to report on the state of the British press.
- D) Will Hutton, editor-in-chief of The Observer, was appointed chair of an independent commission set up to monitor the state of the British press.
- E) Will Hutton, who is currently the editor-in-chief of The Observer, has been chosen as the chair of an autonomous commission established to study the progress of the British press.

**45-52 sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun eklede tamamlayın ifadeyi bulunuz.**

**45. \_\_\_\_ that treatment policies suitable for one age group may not be justified in another.**

- A) A controversy immediately arose
- B) The article has considerable originality
- C) A recent study into cholesterol levels suggests
- D) They had fully convinced
- E) The implications were not at first realised

**46. \_\_\_\_ how intimately and lastingly blacks had affected American life throughout history.**

- A) Thomas Jefferson, one of the leaders of the American Revolution, had opposed
- B) In his paper of slavery in America he demonstrated with impeccable scholarship
- C) Whites in America have always objected
- D) In colonial America, Virginia was the largest and most populous colony where
- E) The American slaves, often subject to arbitrary punishment, learned to be hypersensitive

**47. \_\_\_\_ , but most of them don't see a doctor because they think it's something they just have to live with.**

- A) It was reported earlier in this decade that about one third of all patients had received treatment for impotence
- B) Over 200 thousand men have received proper medical treatment
- C) Impotence is something we have learned to deal with
- D) Urologists and other doctors have always been concerned with impotence
- E) Impotence affects over ten million men nationwide

**48. Though free politics and free-market economics go most happily together, \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) no new aid would be approved for six months
- B) they could no longer blame the colonialists, who had withdrawn from America two or three decades before
- C) five years ago, dictatorships proclaiming socialists policies prevailed in Africa
- D) one does not necessarily lead to the other, nor guarantee its success
- E) Africans have shown that they want multi-party democracy and are beginning to achieve it

**49. The Nazi occupation of the Netherlands is best known to most of us through Anne Frank's diary, \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) even though another significant record of the era was made by Dutch photographers, both professional and amateur
- B) while the Dutch government had banned the publication of all newspapers
- C) since most of the Jewish population in the country were prepared to emigrate to the United States
- D) that her description of the atrocities committed by the enemy has provided historians with valuable details
- E) when her parents had hidden her in the attic of their house

**50. \_\_\_\_ , the U. S. population, now 266 million, will increase to 400 million by 2050.**

- A) Although the governments have encouraged large families through tax reduction and welfare subsidies
- B) Even though the growth rate has been among the highest of the developed world
- C) If current trends continue, and they seem likely to do so
- D) Since the birth rate has now outgrown the country's agricultural capacity
- E) Because stringent measures need to be introduced to reverse population growth

**51. The elderly gentleman sitting over there is an artist \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) whose many articles about their commitment to the cause of human welfare and happiness in Africa would be controversial
- B) that he shares the vision of young people for a peaceful and prosperous world in the next century
- C) whose work has been exhibited widely in many countries in Europe
- D) since his awards include gold and silver medals presented by various organizations

- E) whereby he had unanimously been elected an honorary member by the Society of Modern Arts

**52. He pointed out that the issue was simply \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) in case the surgery recommended was approved by the medical board
- B) whether surgical intervention was right for this particular patient
- C) when the patient has been admitted for an emergency operation
- D) to what extent the treatment recommended for this particular patient has been successful
- E) why the medical board is expected to refuse his appointment

**53-58 sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan cümleyi bulunuz.**

**53. I do wish they could have planned the journey so as to allow us a week in London.**

- A) If only the travel arrangements had made it possible for us to spend a week in London.
- B) We hoped they would rearrange the programme to allow us a full week in London.
- C) Travel arrangements have been made so as to allow us a whole week in London.
- D) They have arranged for us to travel to London and spend a week there.
- E) They plan to allow us a week in London if that's what we wish.

**54. They might just as well close the cafe for this year, as the tourists have all left.**

- A) They can't be bothered to run the cafe after the tourist-season is over.
- B) Once the season is over and the tourists have gone, they'll probably decide to close the cafe.
- C) I think they plan to close the cafe once the tourists have all gone away.
- D) There's no point in keeping the cafe open now, since the season is over and there are no more tourists about.
- E) Since the tourists have gone, they find it hardly profitable to keep the cafe open.

**55. However carefully they rehearse the programme, there is always someone who gets it wrong.**

- A) Rehearse as much as you like, but you'll never get it right.
- B) No matter how diligently the programme is rehearsed, it is never free of mistakes.
- C) They rehearsed the programme until it was quite faultless.
- D) They rehearsed as hard as ever until it seemed everyone was perfect.
- E) The programme was rehearsed with so much care that it seemed that nothing could go wrong.

**56. Whenever I meet her she is full of complaints about how unfairly she is treated by the supervisor.**

- A) I never see her but she's complaining about the unfair treatment she receives at the hands of the supervisor.
- B) I'm tired of listening to her complaints about the harsh treatment of the supervisor towards her.
- C) When we come together, she always talks about her supervisor's attitude towards her.
- D) Whenever she comes to me it's to denounce the supervisor for treating her so harshly.
- E) When I was there it didn't seem right to criticize the behaviour of the supervisor towards her.

**57. The root cause of the crisis is that the legal basis for asylum was drawn up when very few had the means to seek it.**

- A) Though few of them have any way at all of escaping it is now that the legal basis for asylum must be revised so that such a crisis may be avoided.
- B) We must face the fact that the legal basis for asylum should not have been drawn up when hardly anyone had a chance to escape.
- C) Basic to the whole disastrous situation is the fact that the legal basis for asylum dates back to a time when it was almost impossible for anyone to seek it.
- D) When the legal basis of asylum was devised it was assumed that very few people would ever seek it and such a crisis as this was not expected.
- E) As few people ever managed to escape, it was felt that a legal basis for asylum was unnecessary and this is the major cause of the problem.

**58. In a country such as Russia, where much power is vested in one man, that man can make quite a difference.**

- A) Should one man be given unlimited power, as in Russia, it would make a difference to the country.
- B) When, as in Russia, one man unconditionally wields enormous power, he can affect many changes.
- C) If much power were invested in one man, in a country such as Russia, he could bring about great changes.
- D) It would make a terrific difference in Russia, for instance, if a great deal of power were vested in one man.
- E) In a country such as Russia, there would be a notable difference if complete power were vested in such a man as that.

**59-64 sorularda, parçada bo bırakılan yere uygun dü en ifadeyi bulunuz.**

**59. A long time ago, many things were explained by reference to the will of unseen deities. \_\_\_\_ . In our world, we explain things by reference to genes, and feel much superior for it. But there is not, if we think about it, very much difference between saying "The gods have made him angry" and saying "He has the gene for anger." Both are ways of attributing a matter of personal agency to some fateful and mysterious impersonal power.**

- A) Today, we regard this as a foolish and primitive approach
- B) Most people are likely to want to believe in a little of both
- C) Man has always struggled to change his destiny and enjoy happiness
- D) In fact, human behaviour is determined by an inherited genetic package
- E) In the end, though, people have to figure things out for themselves

60. \_\_\_\_ . The usual causes are unsanitary tools and careless manicurists. To protect yourself, check that the tools used in your salon are sterilised before and after each use, either with heat or a disinfectant.

- A) A lot of people in the health services recommend nail care at beauty salons
- B) One sign of an affluent society is that more and more beauty salons are being opened throughout the country
- C) With the growing popularity of manicure salons all across the country, dermatologists are reporting a sharp rise in nail infections
- D) In a hairdresser's salon one can usually find an experienced and reliable manicurist
- E) It is generally felt that nail deformities must always be treated in a hospital

61. Today deflation comes in both benign and malign guises. \_\_\_\_ . But weak demand is also creating harmful deflationary pressures in some countries. A good way to detect this is to look at "output gaps", that is, the difference between actual output and output at full capacity.

- A) "Deflation", like many economic concepts, is a widely misunderstood and often misused term
- B) There are several causes for concern, and none of them are easy to control
- C) New technology is pushing down prices of goods and services around the globe which should be good for most economies
- D) Official consumer-price indices often overstate inflation rates
- E) Inflation is equally misunderstood by the majority of ordinary people

62. Innovation has become the industrial religion of the late twentieth century. \_\_\_\_ . Governments also reach for it when trying to fix the economy. In fact, around the world, the rhetoric of Innovation has replaced the post war language of welfare politics.

- A) It is only later that people realize that any special product constitutes an innovation of the highest order
- B) One way to describe innovation is to explain what it is not
- C) Otherwise, innovation would have been hard to explain and even harder to measure
- D) Two centuries later economists are still no nearer the truth
- E) Business sees it as the key to increasing profits and market share

63. For forty years or more, the pesticides used by farmers all over the country have been blamed for the contamination of water supplies in Britain. \_\_\_\_ . This is the fertilisers that are being so widely used. The most important one seems to be nitrate. Only half of the nitrogen put into the soil is taken up by plants. Most of the rest gradually drifts to the underground water table.

- A) Arable land needs to be fertilised regularly
- B) Nevertheless farmers continue to use pesticides in very large amounts
- C) In fact, pesticides should have been banned long ago
- D) More recently, a new cause has been recognised
- E) Research is presently being carried out on the harmful side-effects of pesticides on humans

64. In the days of white rule, the South African economy suffered immensely from global indifference. Sanctions deterred foreign firms from investing in the country. \_\_\_\_ . Since they could not easily operate abroad, they then started to expand sideways. The mining company Anglo Tech, for instance, diversified into cars, newspapers and other enterprises.

- A) At the same time, rigid exchange controls prevented South African firms from expanding overseas
- B) As a result, there was no foreign competition and this proved disastrous
- C) The crisis is not yet over and interest rates remain steep
- D) In fact, South Africa desperately needs access to global capital
- E) Actually neither of these expectations materialised

65-70 sorularında, anlam bakımından hangi cümlenin parçaya uymadığını bulunuz.

65. (I) Roughly six centuries before Columbus crossed the Atlantic, Mayan society abruptly collapsed. (II) No one knows precisely why. (III) Scientists and historians have come up with various suggestions. (IV) Other empires arose in place of the Mayan empire. (V) None of these are in any way original; they include overpopulation, disease, climate change and war.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

66. (I) Poverty is not primarily hereditary. (II) While children born into poverty have a higher than average chance of ending up poor, there is still an enormous amount of economic mobility from one generation to the next. (III) In this way many parents work to ensure that their children will enjoy easier lives. (IV) Indeed there is nearly as much economic inequality among brothers as in the general population. (V) This means that inequality is recreated anew in each generation, even among those who start life in essentially identical circumstances.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

67. (I) Several months ago the Czech finance minister announced that his country's four biggest banks would shortly be privatised. (II) Even so a poll showed that nearly half of the Czech people opposed the new interests rates in the country. (III) Since then, however, there has been a change of government which naturally slowed down proceedings. (IV) Moreover, a row over the value of one of the banks has further delayed the matter. (V) So has a recent startling revelation concerning loan policies in one of the banks.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

68. (I) Fire-fighting is presently getting a boost from technology. (II) Nevertheless, fire-fighting doesn't rate so high in the list of dangerous occupations. (III) With the new system, data-base information gets into the hands of the people on the scene. (IV) As a result, a fire-fighter can immediately determine the location of fire hydrants, hazardous materials, elevator shafts and electrical panels. (V) Further, the planning of rescue routes has become quicker and more reliable.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

69. (I) The latest cause for concern in drinking water is aluminium. (II) It can occur naturally in peaty moorland waters. (III) More often it is added in the form of aluminium sulphate to water at treatment works. (IV) Apparently, some countries in the world are not yet fully aware of the danger. (V) Water authorities do this because it removes tiny particles suspended in the water that can make it brown.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

70. (I) Boston High School is America's oldest and one of its finest public schools. (II) Indeed Boston is a city with large black population. (III) Sarah Wessman, who is 14, wants to go there. (IV) She applied last autumn and was rejected. (V) That might have been the end of the story except that Sarah found she was one of ten white candidates rejected by Boston High School while ten black candidates with lower scores were admitted.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

71-76 sorularda, verilen durumda söylenebilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. You have a vintage car which has to be handled with great care and really needs expert attention. You ask a friend of yours to advise you on where to take it. You say:

- A) As you know, not every car repairer can service a vintage car. Do you know anyone who can?
- B) You're good with cars. How about having a look at my vintage one?
- C) I'm looking for a new place for the servicing of my vintage car, since I'm not satisfied with the present one.
- D) Have you ever dreamed of owning a vintage car? The only problem is getting them serviced.
- E) I'm afraid I'll have to get rid of this vintage car; it's so hard to get it serviced, and so expensive.

72. At the executive committee meeting of the company, several members have voiced their unease at the adverse effect of the recession on profits. So, as the chairman, you want to dispel this gloomy atmosphere, and say:

- A) I also feel disappointed by the situation, but let's not discuss it now.
- B) Are you trying to tell me that the recession will continue well into next year?
- C) I admit that sales at present are a little lower than usual, but we have every reason to expect an increase in the second half of the year.
- D) Are you quite sure that the figures you have been given by the several departments do really reflect what's happening?
- E) We must introduce stringent measures straightaway if we are to prevent a worsening of the situation.

**73. A few of your paintings are to be on show at an exhibition to be opened next week. You want to give an open invitation to all of your colleagues in the department, and say:**

- A) The exhibition I'm holding next week is to raise money for charity. So I'm hoping it will be very crowded.
- B) If anyone is interested in the exhibition of my works, let me know and I'll get you an invitation.
- C) There will be another exhibition, next week, of the works of amateur artists like myself. You'll find it enjoyable.
- D) I think you all know my paintings are going to be exhibited, starting Tuesday next week. I hope to see you all there.
- E) This is the first time my works are going on exhibition, so, naturally, I'm very excited.

**74. You have just returned from an international conference. Frankly, you were rather disappointed with the quality of many of the papers presented. On your return, when your colleagues inquire about the conference, you admit to being disappointed and say:**

- A) Had you been there, you would have been as enthusiastic about proceedings as I was.
- B) I was really shocked by the lack of interest shown by the great majority of participants.
- C) It was a thrilling experience just to be with so many specialists in our field.
- D) Like any other international conference, this turned out to be extremely exhausting.
- E) Actually, several of the presentations fell short of my expectations.

**75. As a professor of management you have been approached by the director of a bank for your opinion of a candidate who was formerly one of your students. So, you want to reassure him and say:**

- A) Though he has a calm manner which may be misleading, he is actually dynamic, creative and resourceful.
- B) Yes, he has shortcomings; but you have a good in-training programme, don't you?
- C) As far as I recall, in my courses, I expected more from him than he was able to give.
- D) It seems to me that the post on offer really requires very special skills.
- E) I suggest you screen a wide range of candidates before deciding on anyone.

**76. You manage a fairly large supermarket and feel you have lost customers recently due to the late delivery of the goods you have ordered. You are extremely angry at this negligence and write a stiff note of complaint to the wholesalers. In the note you say:**

- A) This is to inform you that, if I am to keep my customers, you must deliver goods at least twice a week.
- B) If only you'd sent the goods in time, my customers would have had far more choice.
- C) I feel you should be warned that my customers are not at all satisfied with the quality of the goods delivered.
- D) Your irresponsibility in this matter has damaged my trade. Just make sure it doesn't happen again.
- E) Your delivery system is no longer as efficient as it used to be; you really must do something to improve it.

**77-82 sorularda, kar ılıklı konu manın bo bırakılan kısmında söylenmi olabilecek sözü bulunuz.**

**77. Mable: Tell us about your holiday. You went to the Galapagos islands, didn't you?**

**Ursula: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Mable: What do you mean by that?**

**Ursula: Well, all the wild creatures, the sea lions for instance, were quite without fear and played around our feet.**

- A) That's right. And it was fascinating. The best was the wild life, which was not wild at all.
- B) Yes. They're a group of islands off the coast of Ecuador.
- C) Not really. We sailed past them but didn't stop there to see the wild life.
- D) Alright. I'll tell you about it when I've collected some more information about the wild life there
- E) I had planned to, but in the end the holiday had to be cancelled for various reasons.

**78. Michael: How can a small television company compete against these commercial giants?**

**Rupert: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Michael: Go on.**

**Rupert: To start with, it should concentrate on quality, not quantity.**

- A) The figures this month show we're making good progress.
- B) Why not? Since there are so many channels now, there's work for everyone.
- C) It can't. I should have thought that was obvious. It must do something different.
- D) There 's always a market for goods that are reasonably priced.
- E) If you are feeling like that, we can always declare ourselves bankrupt.

**79. Andrew: Well, Miss Claremont is clearly the best qualified of all the applicants.**

**Molly: Yes. I know she is.**

**Andrew: Well? What's worrying you then?**

**Molly: \_\_\_\_\_**

- A) How about Miss Blake? She seemed pleasant enough.
- B) I'm afraid she'll disrupt the team spirit we've built up.
- C) She's quite charming. But she's well below average intelligence.
- D) Was our advertisement correctly worded?
- E) The advantages of increased productivity are rapidly becoming apparent.

**80. Mary: Apart from the news and wild-life programmes, what else do you watch on TV?**

**Philip: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Mary: I do agree, but occasionally there are some good discussions and some good plays.**

**Philip: Perhaps. But most of the ones I have watched have been very boring.**

- A) I'd no idea you spent so much time watching TV.
- B) Almost nothing. Do you?
- C) Only the plays are worth watching, aren't they?
- D) If it weren't for my mother I'd get rid of our TV.
- E) Actually very little. There's so much rubbish on at present.

**81. Jenny: What are you reading? It's made you annoyed!**

**Norman: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Jenny: And presumably nothing is being done about it.**

**Norman: Nothing at all. But two superfluous sports centres are being constructed there.**

- A) I was reading about the new inner city traffic regulations.
- B) Yes, I suppose it does. Actually more sad than annoyed.
- C) True They've just caught some children of twelve taking drugs.
- D) Indeed it has. The number of homeless people in the capital now exceeds 5,000 and continues to increase.
- E) Precisely. It says every effort is being made to ensure that the children's every need is being met.

**82. Interviewer: Tell me, what was it about our advertisement that appealed to you?**

**Mr Bingley: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Interviewer: Why is that?**

**Mr Bingley: Because I have a lot of experience behind me and feel I still have a lot to offer; but I don't want full time employment any more.**

- A) Because you aren't asking for experience, just someone who is well-qualified.
- B) Well, the salary is good.
- C) The fact that you are employing people on a part-time basis
- D) I'm not enjoying being retired, so I thought I'd get myself a job again.
- E) The job description is close to what I've been doing for the last five years

83-85 soruları, a a ıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Amazon is the largest river in the world. It carries about a quarter of the world's running water and is the second longest after the Nile. Much of it is brown, brackish, piranha-infested and bitterly cold. Ranging from narrow tributaries and raging rapids to stretches of prodigious width and calm, the river's banks can take half a day to reach. In parts, it can drop up to 40 metres in less than a kilometre. Furthermore, it runs through deep canyons and steep gorges that have been carved out by its turbulent waters.

**83. We learn from the passage that, though the Amazon has the largest volume of water of any river in the world, \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) it is not the longest
- B) it is in no parts particularly wide
- C) there is very little topographical variety in its course
- D) it is seldom used for the transportation of goods
- E) it is in most parts congested with mud and slime, hence slow-moving

**84. It is pointed out in the passage that the waters of the Amazon \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) shelter many species of exotic fish
- B) are in parts muddy and not fresh
- C) form a chain of spectacular waterfalls
- D) are not suitable for the survival of piranha
- E) flow calmly throughout its course

**85. The passage largely deals with \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) the differences and the similarities between the Amazon and the Nile
- B) the varying problems of navigation along the Amazon
- C) the geological formation of the course of the Amazon
- D) the number and the size of the Amazon's many tributaries
- E) The size of the Amazon and its topographical end aquatic features

86-88 soruları, a a ıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The great window-dresser Gene Moore seems to have been self-taught. As a young man his main idea was to get away from Birmingham, Alabama, then a town of steel and pollution. It was, he said, the wrong place to be born in for anyone with dreams. He dreamt of being a concert pianist and then of being a painter. But he decided that he did not play very well, and presently gave up painting. In New York in the 1930s he got various casual jobs. One was with a store that decided he had flair and put him in its display department, and that was the start of his career. He worked for a number of shops promoting their wares, and built a reputation for innovative ideas.

**86. One understands from the passage that it took Gene Moore very many years to \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) find out what he was really good at
- B) return to his native town of Birmingham, Alabama
- C) realise that he hated living in an industrial city
- D) accept the fact that he wasn't a gifted artist
- E) get a department store of his own in New York

**87. It is suggested in the passage that Gene Moore spent his early years \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) preparing for the career of his choice which was window-dressing
- B) in New York where he made his dreams come true
- C) in an environment that he felt was hostile to his creative development
- D) in Alabama where he got his professional training
- E) painting industrial landscapes in Alabama

**88. It is clear from the passage that Gene Moore become a window-dresser \_\_\_\_ .**

- A) in order to make a name for himself in New York's fashion circles
- B) more by accident than by design
- C) only after he had established himself as a musician and a painter
- D) almost as soon as he arrived in New York
- E) even though he lacked any form of creative talent as his employers knew well

89-91 soruları, a a ıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Pollution is no respecter of national boundaries today. But environmental scientists can still be surprised by the distances that large quantities of industrial pollutants can sometimes be carried by winds. For instance, a group of chemists at the University of Washington in Seattle have been involved in a case study of such pollutants which reached the West Coast of America all the way from Asia. They are keen to understand how such an event could take place and to what extent it could have been forecast. In fact, back in March 1997, pollutants such as carbon-monoxide from Asia had been spotted as far across the Pacific Ocean as Hawaii. Thus, it seems increasingly likely that the West Coast of America is particularly exposed to pollution from Asia.

89. It is suggested in the passage that industrial pollution in our world today \_\_\_\_ .

- A) is largely concentrated in the Pacific Ocean
- B) is gradually being brought under full control
- C) has been the main concern of scientists from the University of Washington
- D) can be predicted and the necessary measures taken
- E) can travel amazing distances

90. It is pointed out in the passage that one of the issues the chemists from the University of Washington are seriously concerned with \_\_\_\_ .

- A) is how to clean up the Pacific Ocean and save it from industrial pollutants
- B) is whether it may be possible to foretell the movements of pollutants from Asia
- C) is whether it might be possible to change the course of industrial pollutants along the West Coast
- D) has been the measurement of carbon monoxide levels around Hawaii
- E) should be the prevention of the emission of pollutants along the West Coast of America

91. One can conclude from the passage that Asian industry appears to \_\_\_\_ .

- A) be in desperate need of reconstruction and relocation
- B) be doing all it can to prevent environmental pollution
- C) be emitting more carbon-monoxide than any other industrial pollutant
- D) pose a serious environmental threat to the West Coast of America
- E) be a major competitor for the American industrial enterprises along the West Coast

92-94 soruları, a a ıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Most poetry anthologies are assembled by poets. This is not necessarily a good thing. They are in fact assembled for many different reasons. Some resemble star charts, trying to define the scope of the new and show us what direction poetry is heading. Others turn their gaze on the past, seeking to define poetries of earlier centuries or to identify influential currents of thinking and feeling. Yet other anthologies strive to present enduring images of the beautiful for the reader's pleasure, as if poems were bunches of flowers.

92. From the passage we understand that the writer \_\_\_\_ .

- A) considers the main role of poetry anthologies to be the cultivation of a sense of beauty
- B) is in favour of poets' compilation of poetry anthologies
- C) is rather critical of the way that most poetry anthologies are compiled
- D) is himself compiling an anthology of modern poetry
- E) seems to favour anthologies that give priority to the poetry of the past

93. According to the passage, a major concern of some poetry anthologies is to \_\_\_\_ .

- A) introduce readers to the works of poets who have generally been overlooked
- B) emphasise the vital importance of poetry in our everyday life
- C) help people to understand and appreciate the art of the past
- D) offer guidance to aspiring young poets
- E) illustrate certain major intellectual and literary movements of the past

94. The writer compares some anthologies of modern poetry to "star charts" because \_\_\_\_ .

- A) they attempt to foresee forthcoming trends in poetry
- B) he is himself a representative of this type of poetry
- C) his own predictions have rarely been accurate
- D) he doesn't believe the future can be interpreted by reference to the past
- E) they provide a comprehensive perspective of various poetical movements

95-97 soruları, a a ıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Everybody needs vitamins and minerals to remain healthy. The questions are, which ones, how much and when? And the answer is surprisingly simple: take XXX. Actually, the Department of Health has recognised 18 essential vitamins and mineral that we need on a daily basis. The daily amount required of these vitamins and minerals is termed the Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA). XXX meet this requirement and more. As a new vitamin complex, it contains these 18 essential vitamins and minerals, plus a total of no less than 31 other micro-nutrients, including the complete antioxidant group and folic acid. There is no more complete a multimineral-multivitamin on the market. So, because you don't always eat as you should, it makes sense to take XXX.

95. One essential point made in the passage is that \_\_\_\_ .

- A) vitamins and minerals must always be taken in conjunction with other micro-nutrients
- B) the Recommended Daily Allowance of vitamins and minerals is actually not adequate
- C) the Recommended Daily Allowance of vitamins and minerals should not be exceeded by a supplementary intake of other nutrients
- D) micro-nutrients, such as folic acid, are an adequate substitute for the 18 basic vitamins and minerals
- E) a daily intake of vitamins and minerals is vital for good health

96. In the passage it is claimed that XXX \_\_\_\_ .

- A) is the easiest way of getting an adequate supply of vitamins and other micro-nutrients daily
- B) has been strongly recommended by the Department of Health
- C) is the only multimineral-multivitamin complex currently on sale
- D) is particularly effective if it is taken after meals
- E) is an aid to better eating habits

97. It is clear from the passage that, in taking vitamins and minerals, the basic problem one faces is to \_\_\_\_ .

- A) decide the quantity required in any given situation
- B) keep the correct balance between the two
- C) avoid an excessive intake of the anti-oxidant group
- D) determine the kind and the amount to be taken daily
- E) follow a strict diet that includes them all

98-100 soruları, a a ıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In Japan, there is a government investment and loan programme, known as zaito. Unlike normal government spending, zaito relies not on tax revenues but on people's savings. These are drawn from the publicly-owned postal-savings system, which by law must place all deposits with zaito, and from the postal life-insurance schemes and various pension funds. The finance ministry, which has run zaito for more than 100 years, then lends the money out. During the second World War, zaito financed Japan's military build-up. Afterwards, it paid for reconstruction and helped to channel low-cost funds into such strategic industries as steel and car-making. More recently, it has turned to "social" investments, such as infrastructure projects and housing.

98. According to the writer, the most distinctive feature of zaito is that \_\_\_\_ .

- A) it has continued to be in use for longer than was originally envisaged
- B) its revenues are invariably directed towards military rearmament
- C) it provides the government with a revenue raised not through taxation but by way of personnel savings
- D) it does not come under the mandate of the ministry of finance
- E) it has aroused a great deal of resentment among Japanese savers

99. It is pointed out in the passage that the resources of zaito were once used to \_\_\_\_ .

- A) strengthen the financial position of pension funds in the country
- B) provide houses for the care of the elderly in Japan
- C) improve the efficiency and performance of the Japanese postal-services
- D) revive Japan's industrial potential
- E) provide a supplementary source of income for the needs of the ministry of finance

100. One can easily conclude from the passage that the implementation of zaito has \_\_\_\_ .

- A) changed over the years in accordance with the pressing needs of the country
- B) always been strictly confined to housing projects
- C) greatly increased the operational capacity of the Japanese army today
- D) always had in adverse impact upon the saving habits of the Japanese people
- E) given a boost to the governments insurance and pension policies

KPDS 1999 MAYIS

1) B	26) D	51) C	76) A
2) D	27) C	52) B	77) E
3) A	28) A	53) A	78) A
4) C	29) B	54) C	79) D
5) D	30) E	55) D	80) A
6) B	31) D	56) E	81) D
7) E	32) C	57) A	82) A
8) D	33) B	58) E	83) A
9) B	34) A	59) A	84) C
10) A	35) E	60) C	85) C
11) C	36) D	61) B	86) E
12) D	37) A	62) E	87) D
13) B	38) D	63) D	88) A
14) E	39) C	64) C	89) D
15) A	40) B	65) A	90) C
16) D	41) A	66) B	91) B
17) A	42) E	67) B	92) B
18) C	43) B	68) E	93) D
19) D	44) D	69) A	94) B
20) B	45) C	70) B	95) A
21) C	46) B	71) E	96) D
22) C	47) E	72) B	97) B
23) A	48) D	73) D	98) C
24) B	49) A	74) C	99) C
25) E	50) C	75) E	100) B